

Designing out Waste with Zero Waste Scotland - Workshop

28 June 2023

10:00-12:00

SUPPLY CHAIN SUSTAINABILITY SCHOL Welcome & introductions

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Introduction

Designing out Waste Workshop - Outcomes

At the end of this workshop you will:

Have an improved understanding of the circular economy and the drivers

for designing out waste

• Have a feel for what is happening policy-wise on these themes in Scotland

•Have considered opportunities to design out waste within your own organisation and projects

•Be able to articulate the challenges and opportunities to your colleagues, customers and supply chain.

Please Participate









If you have **QUESTIONS**, please feel free to speak up or write them down in the chat box Cameras on and earphones help!

Please mute during presentations but feel free to unmute and speak up if you have a question

Please, ensure your line is **UNMUTED** during group discussions and **VIDEO** is on We will use the platform **Google Jamboard** to engage in different activities

SLIDES will be distributed afterwards

WE NEED YOUR FEEDBACK PLEASE



THIS LINK WILL BE POSTED IN THE CHAT: LINK: https://forms.office.com/e/sNHfVxxNNI

SCHOL

Introductions, using Jamboard and Chat box

- •We will introduce <u>Jamboard shortly</u> you have to open this as an interactive document via your browser use the link we sent you by email or the one we have added in the <u>Chat</u> function of Zoom
- If you can't access Jamboard or have something else to ask us, just use the <u>Chat</u> function. Again this is in the Zoom toolbar. Use this to add other comments, add your questions, or just introduce yourself to the group
- •Feel free to shout out we're very happy to be interrupted.

Zero Waste Scotland - 28th June 2023 Designing Out Waste Workshop - Google Jamboard

Jamboard

- **FOLLOW** the **link** we sent to your email
- **CREATE** a post it note, double click on an empty space and start writing
- To MOVE your post it note around, click on and drag it
- To **DELETE** your post it note, click on it and press the 'Delete' button on your keyboard
- PLEASE DON'T press the "clear form" button!



SUPPLY CHAIN SUSTAINABILITY SCHOL Welcome & introductions

> Nick Ribbons Partner (Construction)

Zero Waste Scotland





Nick.ribbons@zerowastescotland.org.uk



Construction Waste and Circular Economy Poll

Construction generates an estimated 50,000 tonnes of plastic packaging waste every year

3 X more packaging waste than all <u>UK households combined</u>



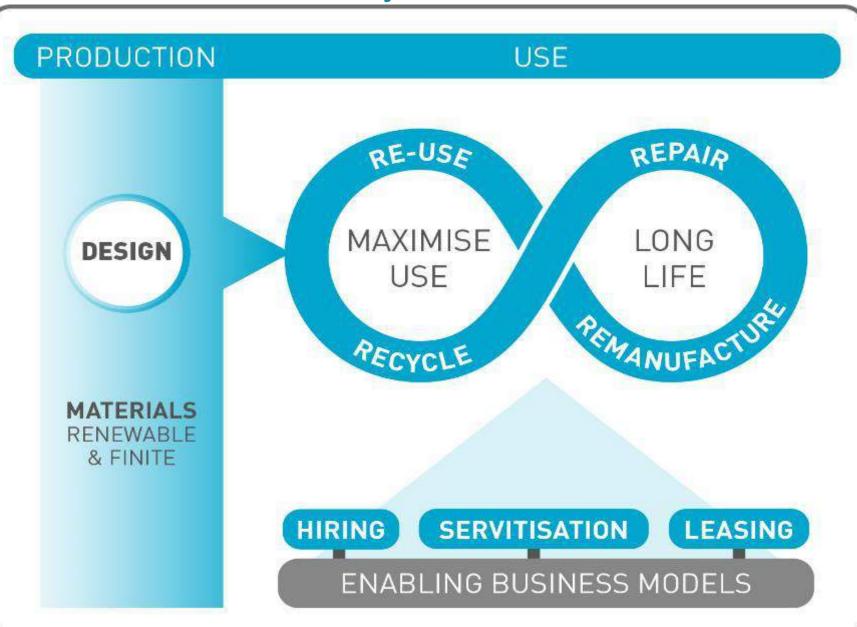
About Zero Waste Scotland

We exist to create a society where resources are valued and nothing is wasted.

Our goal is to help Scotland realise the economic, environmental and social benefits of making best use of the world's limited natural resources.



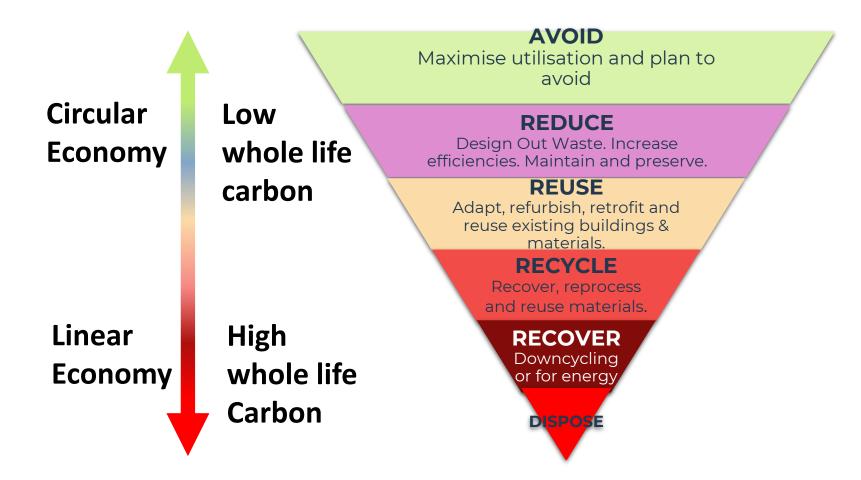
What is the 'Circular Economy'







The Waste Hierarchy applied to the built environment





Drivers for change

Key policy drivers

- now/near future
- Net-zero by 2045 (Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009)
- Net Zero in Public Sector Buildings Standard
- Section 7 (Sustainability) of Building Standards technical handbooks
- The London Plan, GLA Circular Economy Statements
- Draft 4th National Planning Framework
- Circular Economy Bill (<u>consultation</u>)
- Extended Producer Responsibility
- Plastic Packaging Tax

Other drivers

- now/near future
- Client requirements/ask
- Public awareness and concern
 - o Cost of living (energy)
 - o Environmental damage
- Cost and availability of materials
 - o Amplified by dependency on global supply chain
- Local jobs/economy

Plastic Packaging Tax



SOME KEY POINTS:

- A tax of £200 per tonne
- Applies since April 2022
- Applies to manufacturers and importers
- Applies to plastic packaging manufactured in or imported into the UK containing less than 30% recycled plastic
- Intended to discourage use of virgin material and help develop use of recycled content
- Expecting <u>high</u> annual revenues.



Plastics production & plastics waste Polls

WHY PLASTIC PACKAGING?: SOURCES OF PLASTIC WASTE

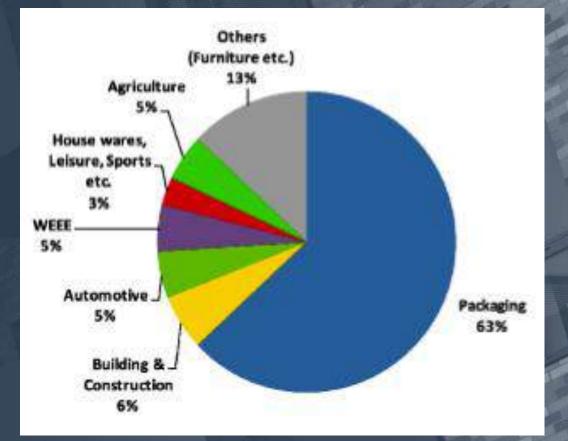
"Plastics and plastic packaging are an integral and important part of the global economy.

Plastics production has surged over the past 50 years, from <u>15 million tonnes in</u> <u>1964 to 311 million tonnes in 2014</u>, and is <u>expected to double again over the next</u> <u>20 years</u>, as plastics come to serve increasingly many applications.

Plastic packaging is and will remain the largest application; currently, packaging represents **26%** of the total volume of plastics used"

Source:

https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/assets/downlo ads/EllenMacArthurFoundation_TheNewPlasticsEconomy _29-1-16.pdf



Source:

https://ec.europa.eu/environment/integration/i esearch/newsalert/pdf/IR1_en.pdf

Stakeholders – who cares about the circular economy, who is interested, who has influence?

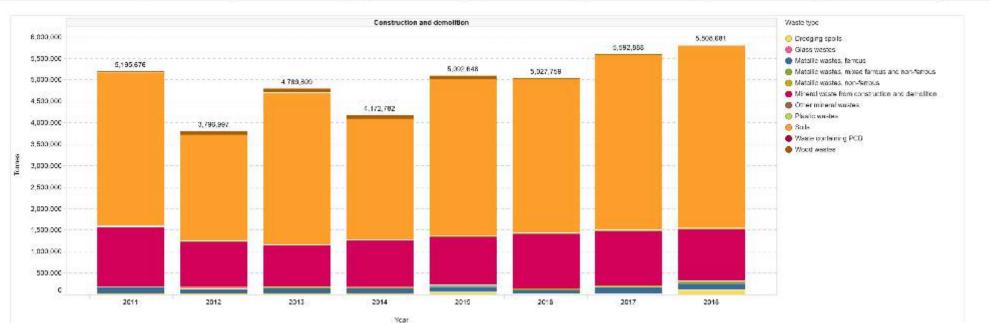
Everyone has a vested interest in achieving a circular economy... but who has the influence?

2 key stakeholders:

- Clients and the public (consumers)
- Policy makers (the Scottish Government)

Scottish Construction & Demolition Waste

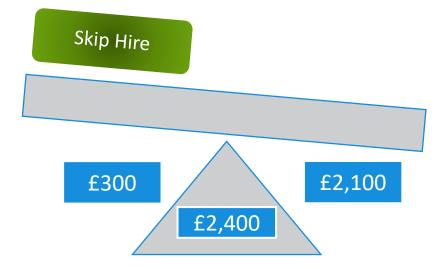
Waste type	Construction and demolition							
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Dredging spoils	9,481	7,456	9,961	8,454	40,220	1,855	5,442	94,925
Glass wastes	5,829	4,199	2,579	2,743	2,915	3,798	1,427	378
Metallic wastes, ferrous	137,053	107,193	123,595	113,947	124,271	91,846	145,223	149,731
Metallic wastes, mixed ferrous	15,109	22,321	24,958	24,620	30,733	18,363	37,710	38,094
Metallic wastes, non-ferrous	10,517	13,040	15,176	11,605	12,547	12,031	16,940	16,969
Mineral waste from constructi	1,391,170	1,058,884	952,781	1,086,622	1,110,605	1,263,720	1,251,973	1,201,295
Other mineral wastes	20,551	16,147	10,512	17,698	22,795	23,520	24,642	23,784
Plastic wastes	492	3,018	1,785	1,274	1,303	1,717	4,324	5,902
Solls	3,567,377	2,469,753	3,547,340	2,807,613	3,665,860	3,602,982	4,074,366	4,248,335
Waste containing PCB	3,604	249	6					
Wood wastes	34,492	94,739	101,116	98,206	81,397	7,928	30,841	29,268





Driving Down Waste Poll

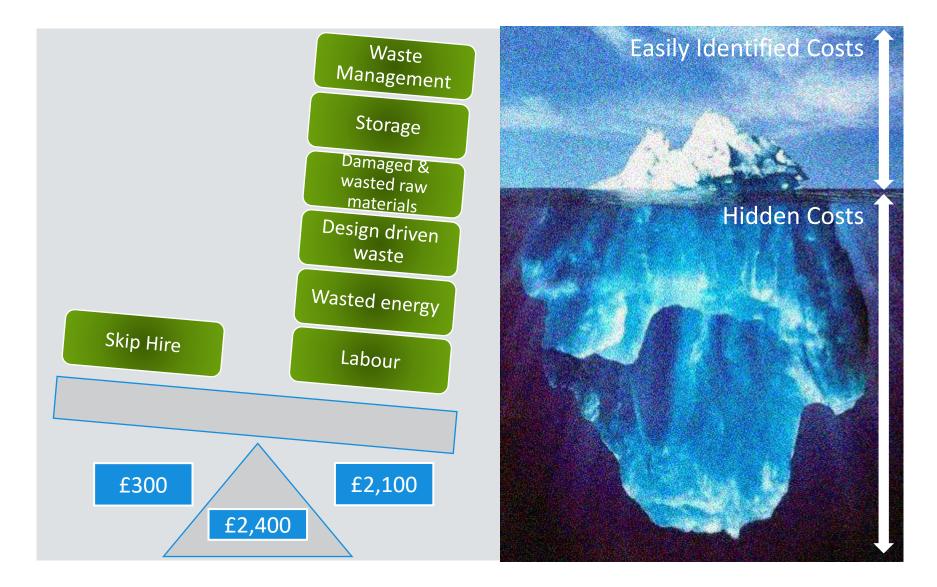
True Cost of Waste



QUESTION - PUT YOUR ANSWERS ON THE JAMBOARD

What are the other contributing factors to the true cost of waste? – name up to three

True Cost of Waste



Causes of construction (materials) waste

Client and Design Influence

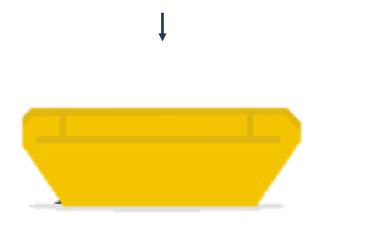
- Ignoring buildability
- Materials of unsuitable dimensions (standard sizes)
- Client/designer change of mind
- Specification failing to match quality of building required
- Resistance to adopt
 alternative materials

Delivery of Products

- Over-ordering
- Method of packaging
- Method of transport
- Inadequate data re: time/method of delivery
- Inadequate details re: performance/ quality/site facilities

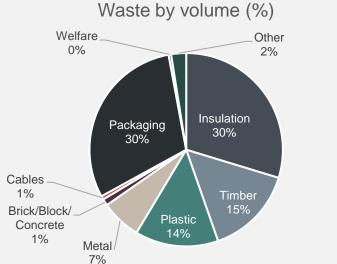
Site Management and Practices

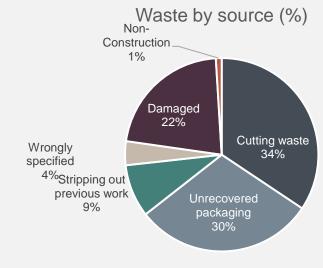
- Poor management system: stock control/organisation/supervision
- Untidy construction sites
- Poor storage/handling e.g. breakage, damage, losses
- Excess materials at workplace/ over-sized foundations and other elements
- Undue cutting, fixing, application and residue waste
- Inadequate protection to finished work (other trades/vandalism)
- Learning curve/lack of training



Site Waste Reduction Protocol

4.55 cubic meters of materials	£1,250.72
Labour	£11.08
Cost of damages and errors	£823.43
Equipment (telehandler fuel)*	£0.20
Skip Hire (8 yard mixed waste)*	£207.00
VAT (0% Labour & Building Materials; Other Costs* 20%)	£103.40
TOTAL	£2,395.83

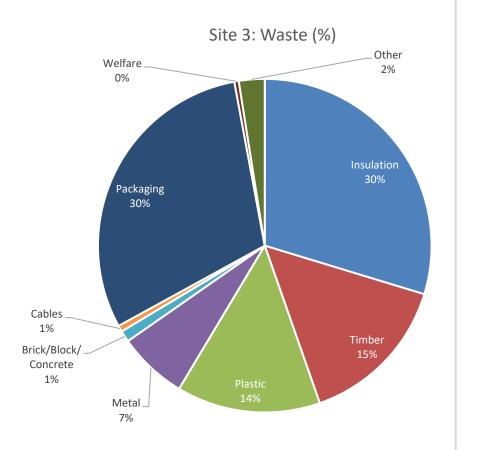


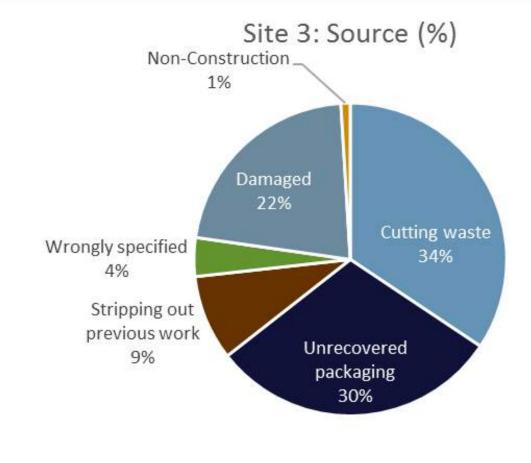




SCOTLAND

Waste by percentage of volume Source: Zero Waste Scotland – standard housing project example

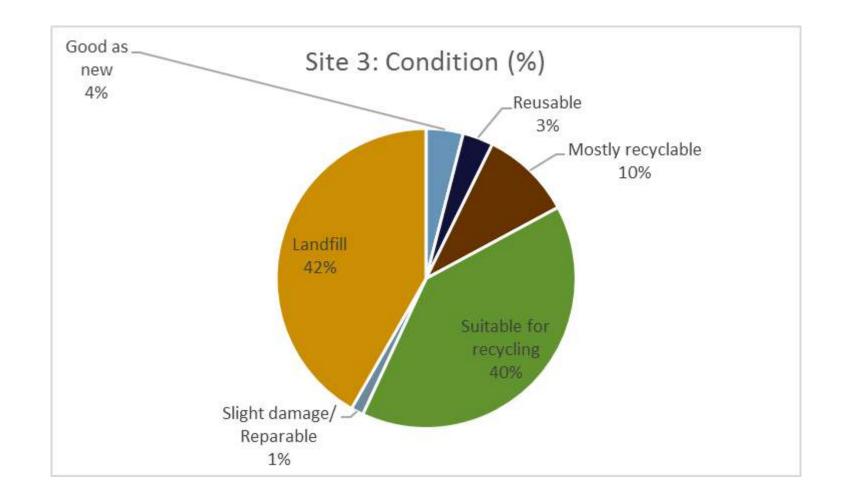




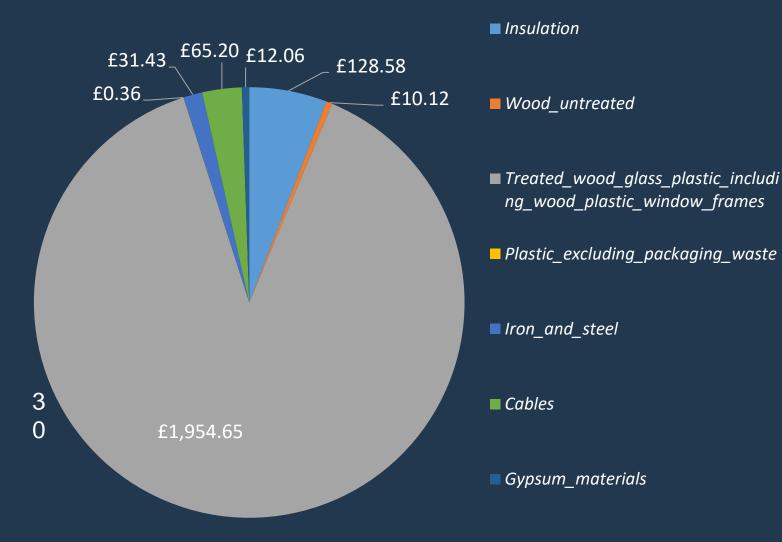


Condition of the Waste





Cost (8 Yard Equivalent): Site 1 – Higher Education Build



- 1/3 of products discarded were in a usable condition
- 80% of waste was from cutting standardised materials to fit
- The largest waste streams by volume products didn't drive the costs

Circular economy is a systematic response that addresses a design problem NOT a waste problem

What is the Circularity Gap Report?





- Understand our 'resource reality'
- Empower decision-makers to accelerate the circular transition





Principles for design approach

'Adopting a design approach that focuses on materials resource efficiency so that less material is used in the design (i.e. lean design), and/or less waste is produced in the construction process, without compromising the design concept.'

Design Out Waste Guide, Zero Waste Scotland

Core designing out waste principles



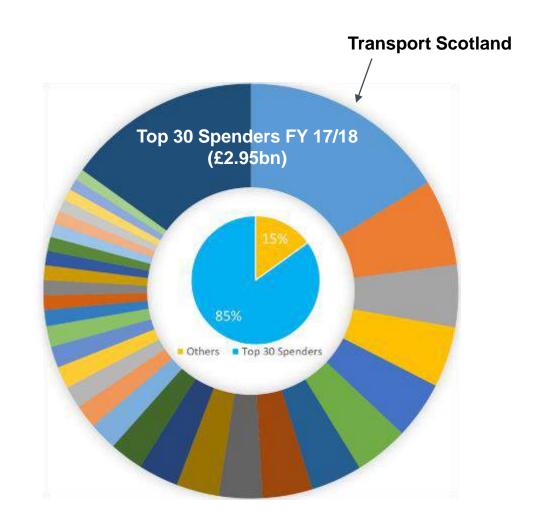
Design for:

- 1. Resource-efficient procurement
- 2. Materials optimisation
- 3. Off-site construction
- 4. Re-use and recovery
- 5. Deconstruction and flexibility



Design for resource-efficient procurement

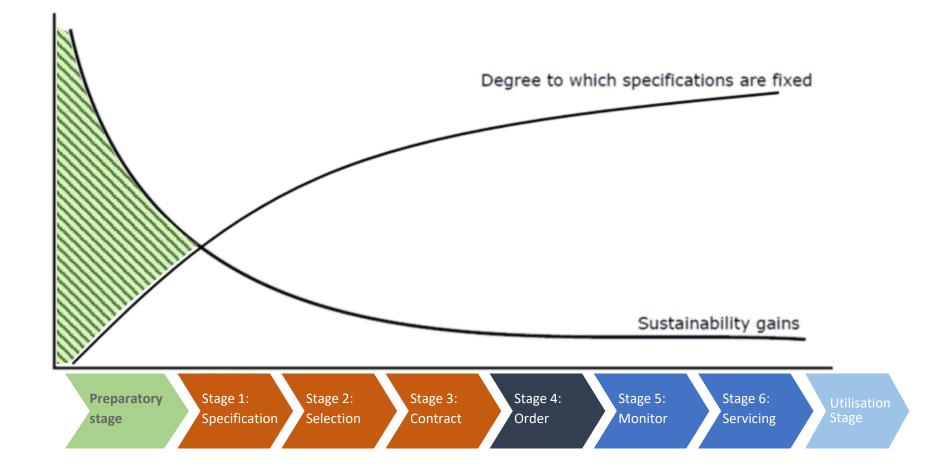
- What research can be carried out by the design team to identify where onsite waste arises?
- What construction practices and plant can be used to reduce emissions, energy, water use and waste on site?
- Which specialist contractors can be consulted during the design process to contribute ideas from their experience?
- Which specifications should be reviewed to ensure elements / components / materials are selected which contribute to the project's resource efficiency objectives?
- Does the programme allow time for the incorporation of designing out waste measures to be adopted?



Civils and Roads 24%

Pre-procurement planning = biggest impact





Embedding Circular Economy within procurement





Procuring for: Repair, Re-use and Remanufacturing Category and Commodity Guidance

March 2016



Early consideration

- Link Circular Economy to Corporate Plan objectives.
- Extensive engagement internal & external
- Life-cycle costing and impact

Specification

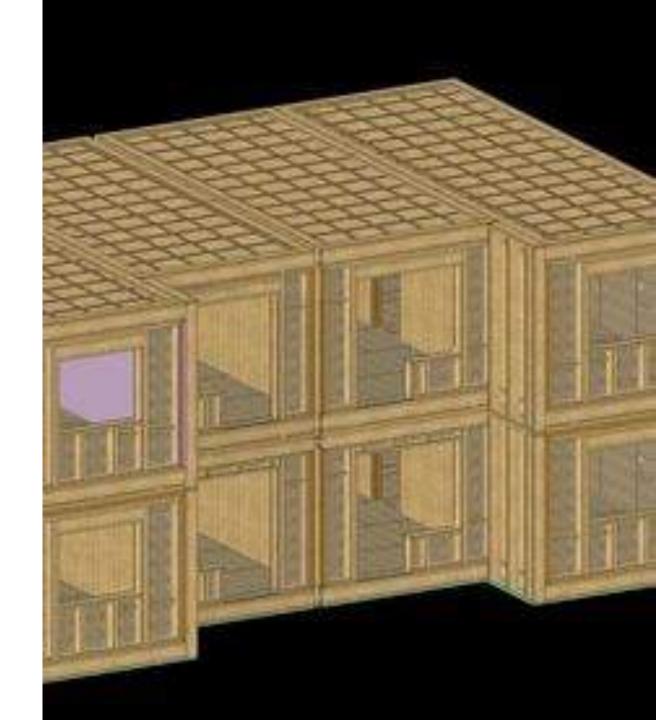
Performance/Outcome based specification

Contract Management

Capture impact & reporting of benefits

Design for resource efficient procurement

- Can the design, form and layout be simplified without compromising the design concept?
- Can the design be coordinated to avoid/minimise excess cutting and jointing of materials that generate waste?
- Is the building designed to standard material dimensions?
- Can the range of materials required be standardised to encourage reuse of offcuts?
- Is there repetition & coordination of the design, to reduce the number of variables and allow for operational refinement (e.g. reusing formwork)?







Triodos' new headquarters: wooden "cathedral" re-constructible office building.





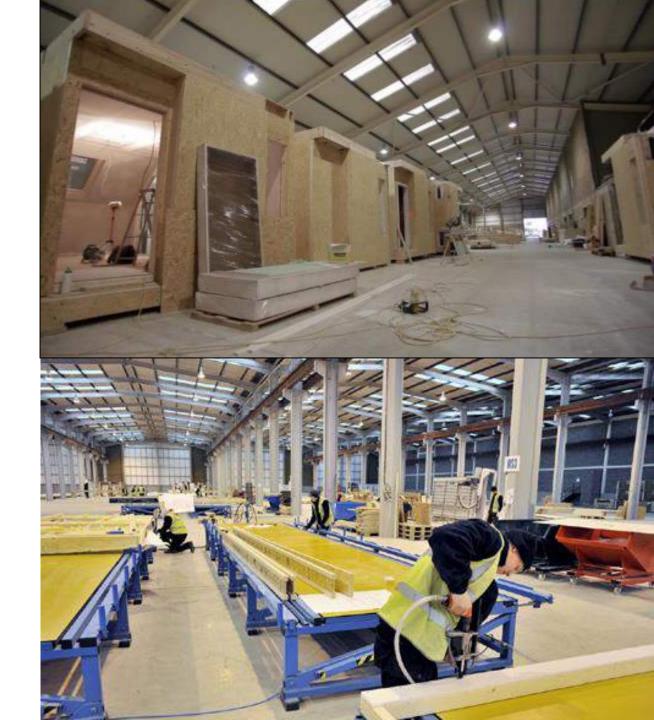
Cairngorms National Park Authority HQ designed by Moxon architects using BIM to maximise resource efficiency and minimise waste.



Circularity in Procurement Poll

Design for off-site construction

- •Which parts of the design can be manufactured off site but locally?
- •How can site activities become a process of assembly rather than construction?







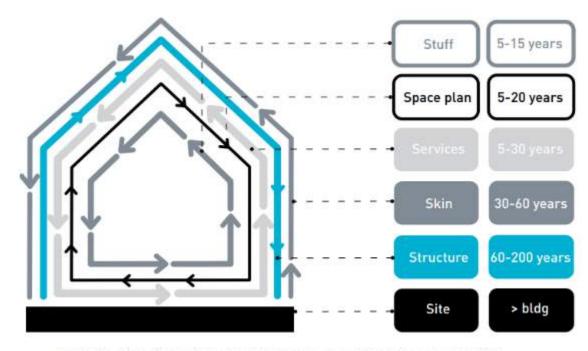
The Resource Efficient House, Ravenscraig – a modular building that was constructed offsite, used recycled materials and is deconstructable.

Design for re-use and recovery

Think about:

- The different layers of a build
- The accessibility and repairability of the components and materials
- The use of durable materials and products
- The use of standardised components
- The use of standardised tools
- The use of mechanical fixings and reduction of chemical bonding





Sketch: John Gilbert Architects based on 'How Buildings Learn', Brand (Niking, London 1994)





The Queens Park London Olympic Stadium used surplus gas pipeline for the structure and 104,000 tonnes of recycled crushed concrete for a temporary platform.

The entire project was conceived with legacy in mind.





Bute Recycling Centre, Rothesay, Isle of Bute, designed by Collective Architecture and constructed with the principles of sustainability at its core, to reduce waste generated during the construction processes through attention to material management.





RAU ARCHITECTS – LIANDER OFFICE

The building is energy positive, and 80% of the materials present are reused. Natural biophilic materials used to create a health productive office.



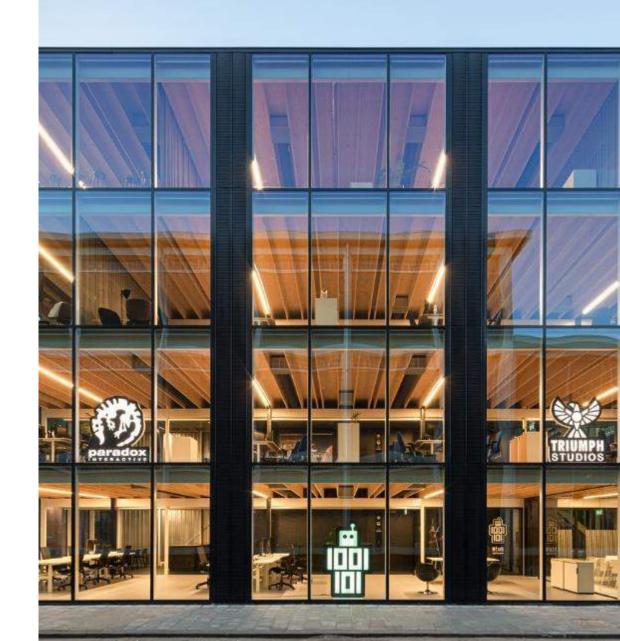


Reuse of a building (conservation) is a good example of circularity.

The Engine Shed, designed by Reiach & Hall is Scotland's building conservation centre, created and managed by Historic Environment Scotland with collaboration with multiple stakeholders in 2017.

Design for deconstruction and flexibility

- Is the design adaptable for a variety of purposes during its life span?
- Can building elements and components be maintained, upgraded or replaced without creating waste?
- Does the design incorporate reusable/recyclable components and materials?
- Are the building elements/components/materials easily disassembled?
- Can a Building Information Modelling (BIM) system or building handbook be used to record which and how elements/components/materials have been designed for disassembly?



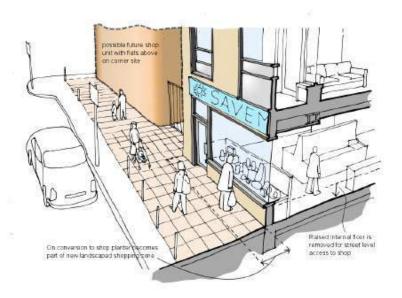
Building D(emountable) is a modern, sustainable and fully demountable structure in the center of Dutch city Delft.



"An adaptive building has to allow slippage between the differently-paced systems of Site, Structure, Skin, Services, Space Plan, and Stuff. Otherwise the slow systems block the flow of the quick ones, and the quick ones tear up the slow ones with their constant change."

Brand, 1994





Courtesy John Gilbert Architects



Pillars of Circular Construction Poll



Designing out Waste process

- **Identify** opportunities to Design out Waste
- **Prioritise** those with biggest impact and easiest to implement
- Investigate their viability
- Quantify the benefits
- Embed in the design
- Record decisions made
- **Communicate** to the client / contractor

EXERCISE: Implementing the five key principles

Principle	Already doing? – Please describe What's working? Challenges?	Planning to do? Opportunities? Challenges?
1. Resource- efficient procurement		
2. Materials optimisation		
3. Off-site construction		
4. Re-use and recovery		
5. Deconstruction		

Examples of supplier approaches to circularity



Circular Case Study: 'Upcycling' Cheshire Police HQ



Whitecroft lighting

2,000Kg Raw Material Saved 23W energy saved per fitting 1.5 tonnes packaging reduction f30 Cheaper to re-use A New Circular Business Model

Whitecroft Vitality

• Circular Design and Manufacture

Highest Through Life Utility

• Regeneration and Recovery



Our world is changing...

Climate

Earth's average temperature has increased by 1C° since 1900. In 2050, global temperature is set to increase by 2C°.

Resources

Earth overshoot day fell on July 29th in 2021. In less than eight months, humanity has exhausted Earth's budget for the year.

Health

We spend **90% of our time** indoors and indoor air is **2 to 5 times** more contaminated so clear air and healthy spaces matter.

...Making conscious choices, has never been more important

Circular Selection

Looking for circular products?

We've made sustainable flooring easy for you by bringing together our post-use recyclable products in one collection.

Recyclable post-use

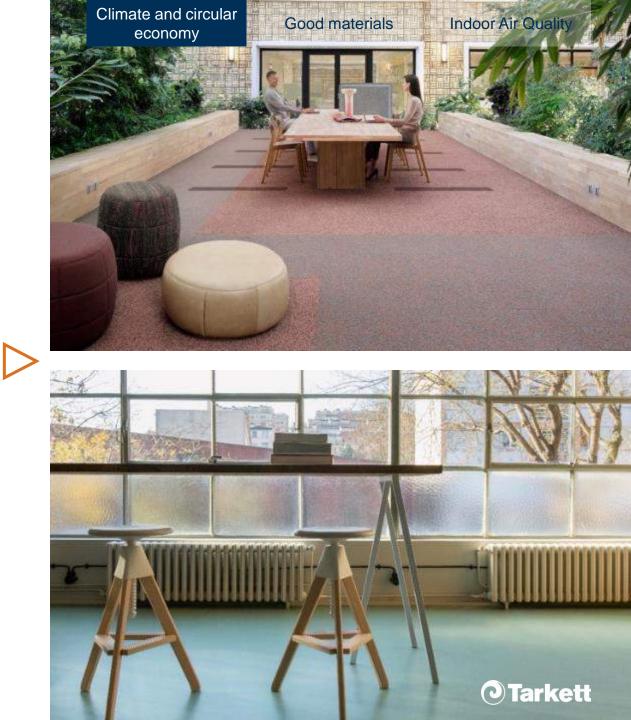
there is a functional system to collect installation waste and post-use waste,

the waste is transported to a facility where the material is recycled into new raw materials or products.

Phthalate free

Today, all our European vinyl collections are phthalate free. Good for people and planet.

We're investigating the health, safety and environmental credentials of our materials.



Climate and circular economy

Green building certifications

Helping you hit your sustainability targets and achieve green building certifications.

Our high levels of recycled content, take-back and recycling initiatives through ReStart[®], low VOC emissions and product certifications along with our use of a phthalate-free plasticiser since 2011, can help you achieve higher standards of sustainability and reach green building labels like LEED, WELL and BREEAM.









The School has developed new pages containing practical advice and examples based on this model -

We would love to include your own content in the form of case studies etc.

A practical guide to

Reducing construction lifecycle waste

These resources help users from all parts of the built environment value chain reduce construction lifecycle waste.

Explore themes and topics for practical examples, learning about the different stages and aspects of a wide variety of construction projects. 1. Pre Construction Clients & Design Teams From procuring with zero waste in mind to encouraging refurbishment instead of demolition

2. Materials

Learn how to ensure materials are readily recoverable, and about the use of low carbon and circular materials.

3. Construction

Actions that can be taken on the construction site to reduce waste to landfill and encourage reuse and recycling

4. In Use and End of Life

Find out more about how waste can be mitigated during refurbishment and demolition of buildings

5. Eliminating Landfill Additional advice on reducing waste to landfill

6. Better Measurement / Better Management Tracking waste at all stages of the construction lifecycle and sharing data is vital

7. Wider Sustainability Objectives Greater resource efficiency across the construction life cycle can have positive impacts for wider sustainability



Guidance and tools

- Free to access resources available <u>https://zerowastescotland.org.uk/our-work/circular-construction</u>
- Free tools and guides:
 - Designing out Waste guide
 - Site Waste Management tool
 - Guide for construction waste management
 - Maximising re-use of materials on-site
 - Procurement guide
 - Construction resource library -<u>https://www.zerowastescotland.org.uk/content/const</u> <u>ruction-resource-library</u>









The Routemap for Zero Avoidable Waste in Construction

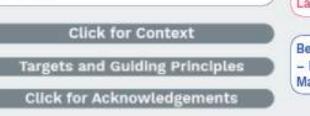
Introduction

Waste costs the construction industry an estimated £11 billion per annum and emits 3.5 million tonnes of CO2e, yet waste can be reduced, materials used more efficiently, and buildings and structures at end of life repurposed, refurbished or dismantled to enable products and materials to be a resource for new activities.

This Routemap aims to catalyse actions by all parts of the supply chain to reduce and ultimately eliminate all avoidable waste. It adopts the interpretation of Zero Avoidable Waste in construction published by the Green Construction Board (GCB) in 2020 and adopts the principles of the waste hierarchy and life cycle assessment.

The Routemap is an interactive infographic identifying aims, actions, context and guidance. Click on an Aims button and a new page appears. Hover over Context and an explanation appears. Click Guidance and a new page links to published guidance.

It has been prepared by the GCB's Resources and Waste Task Group with the principal authors being Katherine Adams, Rob Pearce and Jane Thomback. The project received financial support from BEIS, and was in collaboration with Defra.

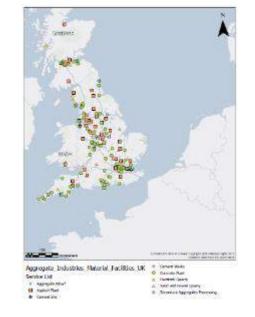




The School's Waste & Resource Use Category Group



Refreshed -Landing page -Resources (new and old)



Material Exchange Platforms Mapping - Skanska collaboration



Surveys -Member interest - Partner plastic waste Partner case studies

Leadership group support

Items currently on our hitlist

Informing School on policy and legislative changes

Designing out waste

Packaging projects

Construction project lifecycle waste

Supporting procurement processes

Soils and aggregates

Social value

Plastics and aggregate reprocessing companies

Collaboration with other groups

Plastic Packaging Tax, Circular Economy, Producer Responsibility etc

Guidance and events, promoting circularity

Guidance, events, collaboration, research – Infra/Fit Out/M&E?

Developing resources to improve outcomes

Developing model tender questions and responses

Improving understanding and performance

Mapping and developing knowledge on how to engage

Addressing SDGs, working with Carbon Group on scope 3 etc

Research and collaboration opportunities

Further learning

Training and Awareness – loads of content in the School library

All resources for "waste"

Showing 12 of 188 results



Designing out Waste workshop with Zero Waste Scotland

Our 2 hour 'Designing Out Waste' workshop developed to ...

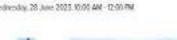
Wednesday, 28 June 2023 10:00 AM - 12:00 FM



Waste & Resource Efficiency - Lunch 'n' Learn

A Fhour introduction to the principles of waste ...

Thursday, 20 July 2023, 12:00 PM - 100 PM





Resource Efficient Demonstration Construction Project

Gase study Iron Zero Waste Scoland and Tigh Gran Ltd.





Site Waste Reduction Protocol: Zero Waste Scotland

A set of rules to help you recourt site wate in a ...



Zero Waste Scotland Carbon Metric Publications

Reports on the lifecycle impact of waste in Scotland.



Waste Regulations in Scotland The interconternation in waste requisitors in Scotland



Early Engagement Design to save on Materials and Costs

Case study from Zero Waste Scotland and Brodigh Interiors



Improved BIM to Achieve Material and Cost Savings





Waste Tracking Spreadsheet Teinplate Track and resonance provide a stable achieves reaster ...



Design led Whole Life Costing Tool Tool user guide Imm Zero Waste Schliefd



5 Practical Waste-Saving Tips for Your Construction Site

Guide from Reconomy



Guidance on Low Risk Waste Activities

Where a permit is not required



Material Exchange Platform Mapping

How?

Use the map to find out the locations of MEPs in the UK and to find out more information on exchanging material. You may have surplus stock from a recently finished project, or are looking for second hand upcycled furniture; these are some examples of how you might use MEPs.

Where?



Also accessed via:

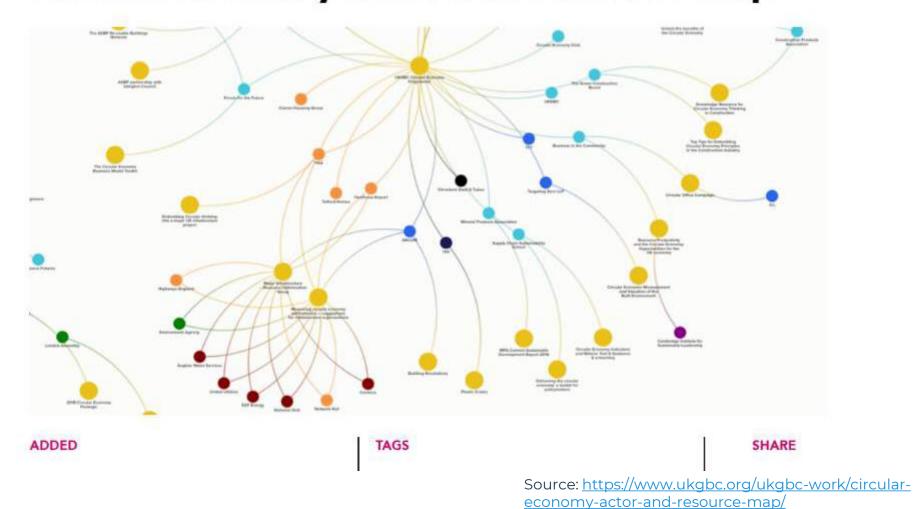
- 1. <u>https://maps.supplychainschool.</u> <u>co.uk/</u>
- 2. Waste and Resource Efficiency Group page <u>here</u>

If you are aware of any MEPs that are should be added or deleted from the map, or information that should be revised, please complete <u>this form</u> and send to <u>Imogen@supplychainschool.co.uk</u>





Circular economy actor and resource map





ANY QUESTIONS?

THANK YOU

WE NEED YOUR FEEDBACK PLEASE



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